THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Tabor-Bush Trial Decided in the Ex-Senator's Favor.

War Between France and China is Deemed Certain.

A Grist of Murders, Disturbances and Law Breaking.

Verdict Against Bush.

DENVER, November 2.—The jury in the Bush-Tabor trial rendered a verdict this morning for Tabor in the sum of $19,058.85 and costs.

The Tonquin Campaign.

PARIS, November 2.—Admiral Courbet left Haiphong on the 24th of October with six hundred marines for Sanoi, where he awaits reinforcements before attacking—Sontay, French forces expect to occupy Komangy, forty miles northeast of Haiphong, in a short time.

PARIS, November 2.—It is reported that the first secretary of the Chinese legation has stated that war between China and France is now certain.

A cabinet council discussed General Bouet's account of the French position on the Red river, measures which it is advisable to adopt for strengthening their position and the question of the amount of funds which may be necessary to bring the campaign to a successful issue. Nothing was definitely decided. The chamber of deputies will probably be asked to vote a new credit.

In his account Gen. Bouet states that at least 10,000 men of all arms, infantry, cavalry and artillery, will be required, especially cavalry because the movements of the black flags are very rapid. Everything went to prove to Gen. Bouet that the leaders of the black flags were Germans. The black flags are well supplied with artillery. Just before leaving Gen. Bouet heard of the arrival of a strong Chinese force with Krupp guns. If Chinese intervene he says it will be necessary to send large reinforcements. Gen. Bouet concludes by saying it is impossible to form an approximate idea of the number of black flags.

General Bouet expresses strong hopes of being sent back to Tonquin to finish the work of the expedition. He believes Sontag and Bainghoa can be easily captured. Bacninh, however, which is strongly held, cannot be so easily taken.

The Murder Record.

GALVESTON, November 2. At Belton Wednesday night as L. J. Williams was passing the restaurant of George Eckles, the latter stepped out and emptied four chambers of a six-shooter in Williams' back. Eckles then went inside, returned with a shotgun and discharged one barrel into Williams' throat and jaw. The other barrel missed fire, whereupon Eckles brought out another shotgun and sent both barrels at Williams' prostrate body. The pair had a difficulty a few days before during which Williams shot at Eckles, but missed. The origin of the trouble is not stated.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., November 2. About three weeks ago one Brown, a farmer of Dick Johnson township, Clay county, was shot and put on the railroad at Coal Bluff. His remains were horribly mangled. It were supposed at first that Brown was drunk and laid on the track. He is known to have had money when in Peterson's saloon at Coal Bluff. None was found in his clothes. Today the sheriff arrested Sterling Briggs, a coal miner of Coal Bluff. The evidence is said to be strong. Frank Gunn, said to be implicated in the murder, ran away.

CINCINNATI, November 2.—Thomas Allen, a resident of a shanty boat in the Ohio river, was murdered on the river bank to-night by Geo. Oliver, a young man of a bad reputation. The parties quarrelled and engaged in a fight when Oliver plunged a knife in Allen's neck. Oliver escaped in a skiff to the Kentucky shore, closely pursued by two policemen in a skiff.

Railroad Riot.

READING, Pa., November 2.—A dispatch reports a serious riot among railroad laborers on the new Pennsylvania railroad at Gibraltar, near here. The sheriff and a posse have gone to the scene of the disturbance.

LATER—Deputy Sheriff Strong and policemen have returned from Gibraltar, five miles from here, the scene of the railroad riot, having in custody twenty-one rioters. They will have a hearing in the morning. They are all employed on the new Schuylkill branch of the Pennsylvania railroad. This morning Contractor Hauriman paid them off and discharged them because they were rebellious and demanding higher wages. They all got drunk, intimidated other workmen and tried to persuade them not to work. Next they attacked laborers in their quarters, tore down shanties and broke and destroyed everything they could lay hands on. The posse pursued them on the road and caught up with them at Birdsboro where all were captured except one or two. Pistols were taken from several. Others carried dangerous looking knives. The charge of riot and intimidating workmen will be preferred against them. A man and woman assaulted were dangerously wounded.

A Sad Catastrophe.

ERIE, Pa., November 2.—This city is very much excited to-night over the tragic death of four young men who went across the bay to the peninsula on Wednesday and never returned. Their names are John W. Rister, aged 30, mail agent on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad, A. F. Russell, aged 30, ex-mail agent on the same route, Chas. Brown, a carpenter, and F. C. Kelsey, Union News employe between Erie and Kane, Pennsylvania. They had with them a sail and a clinker boat. To-day the sail boat was found bottom up in the bay with three guns and a satchel belonging to Rister. To-night the clinker was found near the light house, the bow stove in. The bay is being dragged and a pair of rubber boots have been found but no trace of bodies. The wind was blowing a gale when they started to cross the bay on their way home. Rister leaves a wife and Kelsey a wife and one child. The others were unmarried. Russell is well known among lake men and vessel owners. Rister formerly lived at Ridgeway, Penn. Kelsey's parents live in Rochester, N. Y., while Brown is a resident of Erie. Much public sympathy is expressed as the men are well known and popular.

Financial Difficulties.

NEW YORK, November 2.—Liabilities of Swartz Bros., cap manufacturers, are $97,000; actual assets $60,000. Assignment has been filed by Simon Luterbach, shirt manufacturer; preferences $120,000. Among the heaviest preferred creditors is the Importers and Trader's National bank, $20,000; Hermann Bros. & O'Bormier, $11,000; Solomon Herman, $23,000, and Leopold Hermann $10,000.

CHICAGO, November 2.—The Rock River Paper Co. has failed. The company has been in business twenty-five years and owns mills at Beloit and Rockton, Ills., and Marshall, Mich. Its capital stock is $150,000. Assets are estimated at $300,000; liabilities unknown.

F. E. Blackman, tobacconist, made a voluntary assignment to-day. Liabilities $17,000; assets not stated.

SALT LAKE, November 2.—The liabilities of H. M. Pierce of the Rocky Mountain Christian Advocate, are greater than first reported by $16,000. It is ascertained that liabilities are $38,000, making the largest failure in years; assets are $8,000.

Transcontinental Pool.

CLEVELAND, November 2.—C. W. Risling, elected transcontinental pool commissioner, left Paynesville this afternoon for Chicago. He says he cannot tell whether he accepts the position until after a conference with the meeting.

CHICAGO, November 3.—While representatives of the Transcontinental association are waiting to hear from C. W. Risling in regard to his acceptance or rejection of the commissionership of that association to which he was elected yesterday, general passenger agents of Pacific lines and their eastern connections met to-day and took up the subject of paying commissions. It was decided to allow a commission of three dollars on first class and two dollars and fifty cents on second class tickets on Pacific coast business only and none on other business.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, November 2.—Governments lower; railroads strong; states dull. Stocks to-day dull but firm, except Texas Pacific, which was weak and closed strong a shade below last night. Transactions 284,000 shares.

Mining stocks very dull. Horn Silver sold 6.00; Ophir 5.25; Mexican 3.25; Eureka Consolidated 4.00; Chrysolite 1.15; Sutro Tunnel 15 and 16. Sales 20,165 shares.

3s	100¾	4s	121¼
Adams Express	150	American Express	89
C. B. & Q.	124¾	Erie	28
D. & R. G.	24¾	Preferred	72¾
C. P.	65	Morris & Essex	123
Missouri Pacific	93¾	N. Y. C.	116½
Northwestern	122¾	O. P.	89
Preferred	140¼	Wells Fargo	112
Texas Pacific	20¾	Quicksilver	8
U. S. Express	58	Preferred	51
W. U. T.	78¼	Homestake	12
Little Pittsburg		Sutro	16
Ontario	30	Northern Pacific	25½
South Pacific		Preferred	61½
Iron Silver	265		

A Fenian Scare.

LONDON, November 2.—An extra of the Pall Mall Gazette containing the statement that the authorities had been anonymously informed that an attempt would be made to destroy the train on which the Duke and Duchess of Connaught travel to Dover from London on their way to India, caused a great sensation. The chairman and general managers of the Southeastern railroad issued special instructions to employes to be alert to prevent any interference with the train and devised elaborate precautionary measures for the safety of the duke and duchess. A large force of police were stationed at the Common street, Charing Cross and London bridge stations, and gangs of plate layers watched the entire track. The precautions were taken in consequence of anonymous warning to the privy council of a proposed attempt to wreck the train.

Furious Flames.

CLEVELAND, O., November 2. At 1 o'clock this morning fire started in the new barn of the hotel and destroyed part of the village of Willoughby, 20 miles east of here. The high wind increased the force of the flames, which consumed about twenty stores, dwellings, sheds and barns on Spaulding and Erie streets, also cremating horses and a span of mules. The entire population turned out and formed bucket brigades but their efforts were futile. The gale swept the flames with irresistable fury until every frame structure in its course was in ashes. The conflagration was finally checked by the Bond block. For a time it was feared the whole town would be destroyed. The aggregate loss is estimated at $100,000; insurance one-half.

Fatal Accidents.

CINCINNATI, November 2.—Mrs. L. Wolfstein, well known in Jewish circles, went to a window of the fourth story of her residence this morning to call a coachman and fell to the ground below. She was shockingly crushed, but lived until 6 p. m.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 3.—To-day in Argenta, opposite this city, J. H. Cararress, a wealthy merchant of Drew county, on his way east to purchase goods, was accidentally caught between the platform and a backing train and crushed to death.

Railroad Wreck.

CLARINDA, Ia., November 2.—The cannon ball train over the Homestone & Shenandoah road going east was wrecked Wednesday at the trestle work over the West Fork river five miles east of Shenandoah. The engine, baggage car and coach rolled down an embankment fifty feet. The Pullman sleeper remained on the track. A. B. Warden, engineer, was killed and the fireman and express messenger were seriously injured. The accident is ascribed to the displacement of a rail west of the bridge by a train wrecker for the purpose of robbery.

Scalping Tickets.

KANSAS CITY, November 2.—Notice has been given by Passenger Agent Sebastian of the Rock Island road to competing lines that unless certain irregularities are discontinued the Rock Island will in ten days make a $10 rate from Kansas City to Chicago. The charges are that coupons of tickets issued at Denver are shipped to scalpers here and sold by them at $12 hence to Chicago, used over the Chicago & Alton and Hannibal & St. Joe; and also that commissions to Denver agents leave a scalping margin. Thirdly, tickets are sold from St. Joe to Chicago via Kansas City over the Council Bluffs and Alton roads at scalping figures.

Barn Burning.

CHICAGO, November 2.—The Inter-Ocean's Corunna, Ind., special says: For south farmers of this neighborhood, who own self-binding harvesters, have been receiving letters through this and adjacent postoffices threatening vengeance because these machines reduce the demand for farm laborers. These threats took form in incendiary barn burnings this week. Several barns have been consumed already, including two last night. One of these was set on fire at 3 o'clock this morning after the owner had guarded it till 2. There is much excitement and farmers are forming a vigilance committee.

Stock Show.

KANSAS CITY, November 2.—The pleasant weather brought out good attendance at the stock show to-day. The street parade of cattle was a novel affair and highly creditable. Angus cattle in procession were preceded by Scotch pipers. Sales were made to-day from the herd of imported Galloways of A. B. Mathews, Kansas City. Twenty-seven heifers brought $11,475, an average of $425; and twenty bulls $8,725, an average of $436. The highest price paid for heifers was $610; for bulls $625.

Negroes Dissatisfied.

GALVESTON, November 3.—The News' Austin special says: Adjutant General King reports that negroes are dissatisfied with exclusive cars for their accommodation, and says train men on the Texas Central, where the system has just been inaugurated, have been compelled to take colored people out of cars assigned to whites.

Election Bribery.

ALBANY, November 2.—Governor Cleveland has issued a proclamation calling upon all district attorneys within the state, all sheriffs and peace officers and others who have in charge the execution of the laws to exercise the utmost diligence in the discovery and punishment of violations of the bribery act.

Rough Students.

TROY, N. Y., November 2.—The sophomore and freshman classes of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute have been suspended. They had a struggle to-day for a class banner. Institute property was damaged three hundred dollars. Two students were seriously injured and others slightly.

A., T. & F. Earnings.

BOSTON, November 2.—The earnings of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road for nine months ended October 1st were $5,500,000, an increase of 304.10 per cent. The Southern Kansas Railroad company in the same period had net earnings of $620,000; an increase of 336.10 per cent.

A Father's Value.

TOWSONTOWN, Md., November 2.—The case of Grace M. Allison vs. the Baltimore & Ohio railroad to recover $10,000 damages for killing her father, the jury returned a verdict awarding $5,000. Defendants appeal.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Testimony in the Hallet-Kilbourne case is all in and court adjourned until Monday.

Abdul Aziz, brother of the sultan, who has been besieging Muscat, has been repulsed and fled.

West Boylston, Mass., schools have closed. There have been fifty cases of diphtheria within a week and five deaths.

Col. Frank B. Pond, author of the famous Pond law for taxing saloons, died at Malta, Morgan county, Ohio, yesterday.

Yorkshire miners have resolved to strike unless an advance of 15 per cent. in wages is conceded by the first of December.

President Soto, of Honduras, left San Francisco yesterday for the east via Denver and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

John Murphy, of New York, the yellow fever patient on the steamer San Blas, at San Francisco died yesterday. Deceased is reported wealthy.

The coroner's jury find that the explosion of the boiler of the steamer Colorado on the 29th of September was caused by negligence of Chief Engineer Lovett in not having the stop valve open.

The Mississippi river commission, General John A. Logan chairman, left Cairo yesterday afternoon. They examined several river men and had consultations with other prominent citizens.

A Washington dispatch says: Any three-per cent bonds embraced in the 1881 and 1882 calls presented for payment prior to maturity will be redeemed and interest allowed to date of presentation.

The report of the defeat of the false prophet and great slaughter of his army by Hicks Pasha is discredited. Military authorities calculate that Hicks Pasha's army was seven days march from Elobsed at the time of the alleged victory.

Governor Ordway, of Dakota, in his report to the secretary of the interior recommends that congress provide for holding a legitimate constitutional convention to prepare a constitution or else pass an enabling act to be submitted to the people for ratification.

Congressman Finerty has received the following cablegram from A. M. Sullivan, dated London: "It is positive that none but the English bar will be allowed active participation in the coult." This refers to the trial of O'Donnell for the murder of informer Carey.

Information is received from Gallatin that special reports that Frank James is allowed the liberty of the streets are unfounded. The story is the result of a case of mistaken identity. James has not been on the street at all and not in the jail yard except when attended by a deputy.

Statistics of the universal postal union for 1883 show that the United States ranks first in number of postoffices. In number of letters carried by mail Great Britain ranks first and the United States next. In number of newspapers conveyed the United States ranks first, with Germany second.

A meeting of lines interested in the lumber business from Chicago to the Missouri river and beyond was held at Chicago yesterday. Commissioner Midgely was empowered to appoint a committee to draft a schedule of differences and that if this committee cannot agree the matter will be submitted to an arbitrator.

COUNTY EDUCATORS.

Annual Convention of the El Paso County Teachers.

An Unusually Interesting and Largely Attended Meeting.

Miss Wickard's Paper and Other Proceedings.

The annual meeting of the El Paso County Teachers' Institute convened in this city yesterday morning. There were a larger number of teachers present from the various schools in the county than at any previous meetings of the association since its organization. President Eaton, county superintendent of schools, filled the chair and Mrs. La Barth was in her place as secretary.

The session was opened with prayer and scripture reading by Rev. Levi B. Wilson, followed by a devotional hymn by the institute.

Dr. T. G. Horn then delivered an address of welcome. He showed the responsibility of the teacher of to-day; that the possible future of the child is, to a good degree, in the hands of the teacher. Outside of books and of the school room the teacher's influence goes and exerts a wide and powerful control upon the character and lives of those under daily instruction. Manners and morals, indeed the whole after success of life are in the power of school teachers. The doctor then supposed the case of a boy, bright and full of mischief, the hope of parents, put into the school room. At first he was a great trouble. But at length his heart was touched by human sympathy, and the boy began to improve in morals and manners. His better nature began to show itself. He became studious, and his character began to come out. The possibilities of such a boy no one can measure. The world has seen many such cases.

Next in order came a paper by Miss Lottie La Barron, of Table Rock. Subject: "Shall we Give Prizes in the Schools." Miss La Barron seemed to have a very thorough comprehension of the subject and strongly advocated against any such method, on the ground that scholars should be stimulated by a desire to improve their minds without offering them inducements to study.

A general discussion followed which was participated in by Prof. Joab, Prof. Miller and B. A. P. Eaton and others. The discussion was strongly in favor of no prizes being offered to pupils as a stimulus for study.

Miss Nellie Norton then gave an illustration of instruction in numbers to primary classes. She had a class of pupils present and the exercise was a very practical and creditable one.

Miss Bertha Smith then rendered a solo in her usual pleasing way, after which a recess was taken.

At 10.45 Mr. I. V. Flynn, of Fountain, read a paper on the "Degrading Tendencies of Corporal Punishment." His paper was very well received and in many respects was very instructive. It was very evident that he had given the topic careful study. Mr. Flynn was very strongly opposed to teachers laying violent hands on pupils.

The paper originated a very animated discussion which was taken part in by Prof. Joab, Prof. Grafton, Miss Wickard, Mrs. La Barth and Prof. Shattuck. The argument generally was rather in favor of corporal punishment.

The next half hour was given to miscellaneous business. A committee consisting of Dr. Correy, Miss Collins and Miss La Barron were appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Mrs. Jackson nee Miss Harris, a former member of the El Paso County Institute.

President Eaton read the following memorial notice of Miss Mary S. Smith:

Miss Mary S. Smith was born in Oxford, Benton county, Indiana, December 28, 1854. Died of pneumonia fever April 8, 1883. In 1855 her parents moved to Knox county, Missouri. Miss Smith received her education in the public schools of Missouri and Colorado. Her parents moved from Missouri to Colorado in 1865, where they now live in El Paso county. Miss Smith obtained her first teachers' certificate from Dr. B. P. Anderson, county superintendent of schools of El Paso county, in 1876. She commenced to teach at Fountain City, El Paso county, September 1, 1876, her school ending on the 23d of December. The following month, January, she came to Colorado Springs and entered Colorado College. After a term at college she obtained a first grade certificate of Dr. James Correy, then county superintendent of schools of El Paso county, and has taught the public school of several districts in the county since. Mary was a meek spirited girl, yet very ambitious to make her work a success. She was universally liked by both pupil and parent wherever she taught.

I visited her school while she was teaching in districts Nos. 4 and 21, and always found her busily engaged with her work. She took great pride in school work, and would have ultimately become one of our very best teachers.

Her parents tell me she died without regret or remorse, but with a confiding hope in the future life.

Longfellow's Excelsior was then sung after which adjournment was taken until after dinner.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session of the institute was opened with a recitation by Miss Doak which was well received.

Professor Grafton, of Manitou, then gave an address on the "Theory and Practice of Teaching," which is looked upon as one of the most important features of the institute so far. His address occupied about one hour and is entirely too long to give in our columns. Suffice to say, however, that his effort was listened to with interest and very generally appreciated.

Professor Joab and Professor Krauss discussed the paper quite freely, and while in some respects they differed with the speaker in others they seemed to agree with him.

A paper entitled "Knowledge, How Acquired, How Imparted," was read by Miss E. Wickard, which we, by special request, publish in full as follows:

KNOWLEDGE—HOW ACQUIRED: HOW IMPARTED.

Hegel says: "America is the land for the future. Where in the ages that lie before us, the burden of the world's history shall reveal itself." If the true golden age is before and not behind, we must admit the imperative necessity for a free, self-ruling people to be developed in the widest and fullest sense; and if the public school is to be the medium of that development, we must perceive that the preponderating value of educational work largely depends upon the direct influence of the teacher upon the pupil. Therefore, to make certain the most desirable results from our magnificent school system, we may justly demand of the instructors of youth, ability to lead the inquiring mind through the first green fields of knowledge where the purpose thoroughly developed for self-culture and independence of thought knows no halt but moves steadily on and on forever. Thus laying deep and broad the foundations of a true manhood, combining intelligence and virtue. It is the disposition of intelligent thinking to take nothing for granted. Then what shall the teacher know, in order that he may successfully teach how to require? He certainly needs to know on what ground he is treading. "The truth makes him free." In this paper I will not speak of the extent of his knowledge, but only wish to emphasize the nature of it by saying it must be his own. It is not enough that books have unfolded truths, and that teachers have reaffirmed those truths in every variety of form; but this intellectual food must have been digested, and taken up into the warp and woof of his mental nature; he must have it as a part of himself, so that every giving forth shall be unconsciously modified by his own habit of thought.

A prominent educator says: "If our teachers were to be selected by any one test, I should place the test of exact and definite scholarship beyond all the others." To rely upon methods, devices, and machinery will insure failure; but studying for a definite purpose—to use truth—to understand it in every light—gives teaching a peculiar charm. The teacher must acquire the art of practicing on the laws of the human mind so that there will be growth, expansion, evolution. And if there is a philosophy of education whose principles ought to underlie his teaching and his government, which may furnish him with a safe rule for all he does in school and may save him from blundering experiments and blind groping after the right way, then ought the teacher understand that philosophy.

There is a way in which most children will best acquire a knowledge of a given subject. There is the logical order of presenting truth to which the mind most readily responds. There is the natural order of development which the teacher should recognize and follow.

Reading, as the basis and instrument of all literary education is the most important branch of school instruction. To teach a pupil to read properly implies far more than correct elocution. It implies a full and intelligent explanation of the subject and words used, and the development of that judgment and spirit which being brought to the perusal of useful books and other reading matter will enable the pupil to gather up information; and in every available manner make the realm of books tributary to his own mental wants.

Then, how important that this first degree of intellectual development be established by primary teachers who understand simple and direct methods such as the phonic and word systems, thus fitting the mind for other instruction.

Drawing is a universal language; lines and forms are the same in all countries and in all climes. The diagrams of all mathematical and scientific works are the same, regardless of the language of the text. Teach it as something better than a copying exercise. Taking decorative design as being well adapted to elementary practice in training the hand and eye, we find at the same time that it cultivates a correct taste for that which combines harmony of design with grace and beauty of form. The pupil will readily recognize the importance of this branch of study because of its importance in nearly all departments of industrial art.

Coming into the province of language and regarding grammar as its science, the teacher will find that its knowledge is greatly facilitated by using what is known as "natural methods of education." The learning of things by rote and cramming the mind with facts hurt the intellect, by teaching it to rely upon the memory instead of the understanding. Converse with the children, selecting subjects which engage their attention, the requirements being to speak correctly any given sentence, and to use proper words in the construction of sentences. Vary the monotony of methods by narratives, descriptions and compositions, always choosing subjects which the mind can readily appropriate. A procedure, something like this—recognizing growth before fruition, prepares for a definite aim; makes "language a vehicle of thought," and enables the mind to grasp with a clear understanding that very abstruse and abstruse study, English grammar.

When judiciously pursued in the school room geography becomes a life long study, full of pleasure and profit. The information imparted needs to be specialized, and given with some method and system-making, map-drawing a secondary part of the instruction, teach from observation and experience, and in connection with the daily newspapers, linking events of current history—thus combining two inseperable branches of study.

"History is, perhaps, the most difficult branch with which the educator has to deal. Wickersham remarks: "It concerns us little to know the lineage of kings and queens, the intrigues of courts or the plans of campaigns, but it would interest us much to be told how people in past times built their houses, worked their fields, or educated their children—what style of dress they wore, what kind of food they ate, what kind of books they read. Do not give the pupil an "index to learn by heart" but make past events nearly related to individual experience. At first, using informal methods, then following a course of systematic dealing with facts and their obvious relations. In the third stage, study events in relation to human governments and social life. In our general principle every lesson has a "subject, an object, and a point or points," we may insist on thoroughness in mathematics. In arithmetic, drill from the beginning of things until the object sought is accomplished. After having the various rules illustrated and having been trained to accuracy and rapidity of execution, the pupil should be held responsible for the analysis of any example in his work.

"In this normal kind of instruction in the starting knowledge of numbers there is no firing of random shots, but a steady development of ideas which will discipline the mind without an undue exaltation of memory. If the pupil is taught the practical value of his work he will not abandon algebra and Latin when he reaches the high school or enters the college. Without entering upon a discussion, I will say that the pupil who is allowed at his option to leave these branches out of his course, has failed to receive the best cultivation in one of the leading departments of human knowledge. But the acquisition of knowledge, the acquirement of mental discipline, is not the most important purpose of education. There is nothing so desirable as character. Without it, the most brilliant attainments are as the "house built upon the sand." With it, they are as the solid rock, or as the starry skies.

Ignoring any further consideration of this grand work, we believe our best teachers, men and women, are moving in the right direction, and as honest laborers, are studying this problem with great earnestness. Then, may we not say, in the language of Mrs. Browning:

"We'll keep our aims sublime, our eyes alert,
Although our feeble hand should shake and fail;
And if we fail! But must we? Shall I fail?
The Greeks said straightly to their tragic phrases,
'Let no one be called happy till his death.'
To which I add: Let no one till his death
Be called unhappy.
Increase not the work
Until the day's out and the labor done.
Then bring your gauges,
If the day's work is scant
Why call it scant, affect no compromise:
And in that we have nobly striven at least
Deal with us nobly faltering though we be,
And honor us with truth if not with praise."

"America" was then sung by a quartette composed of scholars of the high school after which Prof. Shattuck read a very amusing sketch of how Prof. Barnes gave object lessons to a class in history.

A few announcements were made by President Eaton and adjournment taken until evening.

In the evening Prof. J. C. Shattuck gave a very interesting and instructive lecture in Court House hall, subject, "The Next Step." In consequence of the counter attraction at the opera house it was not as well attended as it should have been.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3d.

Following is the programme for to-day.

9.00 a. m.—Opening exercises.
Led by Rev. A. W. Arundel.
9.30 a. m.—Paper—Arithmetic, Text book and instruction.
W. A. Lindrey, Monument.
10.00 a. m.—Class exercise—Language.
Mrs. E. N. La Barth, Colo. Sp'gs.
10.30 a. m.—Essentials for making our schools a success.
Albert E. Joab, Colo. Sp'gs.
11.45 a. m.—Closing business.
12.00 m.—Adjournment.

What is to Come.

Miss Marion Espa (formerly Madame Rita) had many very flattering notices of her first appearance in New York. The following is from the New York Times:

Mr. Rudolph Aronson gave the twenty-fifth of his Sunday evening concerts at the Casino last night. The audiences at these entertainments have been uniformly large and appreciative, and the concerts have come to be regarded as one of the fixed attractions of the metropolis. The summer season has thus far been notable for its lack of good vocalists. It is undoubtedly difficult to secure the best singers in the warm months, when they can afford to rest, and when the opera organizations which furnish Mr. Aronson with much of his most excellent material are not in the city. Last evening the principal singer was Miss Marion Espa, who appeared for the first time at these concerts. She has a soprano voice of fair power and compass, slightly thin in the lower register but strong and pleasant in the middle tones. Her execution shows the result of excellent training and hard study. Her staccato singing is almost faultless, while her roulades and shakes are executed with clearness and ease. She is a pleasing addition to our list of concert singers, but should beware of such hackneyed and uninteresting selections as Proch's "Theme and Variations."

The Dramatic News, speaking of the same concert, said: "Miss Marion Espa was the vocalist of the evening and rendered among other pieces Proch's 'Theme and Variations,' a composition which is known to comprise every difficulty the human voice is capable of executing, in admirable style."

Nat Goodwin in "Hobbies."

Nat Goodwin made the remark after the performance last night that he was afraid the Colorado Springs people did not appreciate "Hobbies" from the fact that the audience did not manifest the enthusiasm accorded him in other Colorado towns. When told that our people never went into ecstacies over any play he seemed quite relieved. It is certainly a fact that actors coming to Colorado Springs are often discouraged by the coolness of the audience.

"Hobbies" is an eccentricity in many respects very laughable but not very weighty. Nat Goodwin, however, makes more out of it than most any one else could do. He is a comedian of recognized merit and pleased every one extremely well last night. His imitations of Booth, McCullough, Irving, Barrett, Raymond and others were exceptionally good. Mrs. N. C. Goodwin sustained her part in the support very well as in fact did all the others. To-night the company will appear again in "The Member for Slocum," a piece equally as funny as "Hobbies." Those wishing to enjoy a hearty laugh should turn out and see it.

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WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.
Per annum .... $2.00 | Six Months $1.00
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ADVERTISING
Rates made known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.
Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.
Mr. R. B. Taylor is authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing company.
No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.
All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.
Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.
B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For County Clerk and Recorder,
EDWIN J. EATON.
For County Judge,
ERNEST A. COLBURN.
For County Treasurer,
ALVAN A. McGOVNEY.
For County Surveyor,
WILLIAM A. RICHARDS.
For County Superintendent of Schools,
BENJAMIN A. P. EATON.
For County Assessor,
EPHRAIM G. PERKINS.
For County Commissioner,
GILES CRISSEY.
For County Sheriff,
LOREN C. DANA.
For County Coroner,
ISAAC DAVIS.
For Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 6,
JERU FIELD.
For Constable, Precinct No. 6,
LEON J. TELL.
For Road Observer, Precinct No. 6,
DANIEL F. KINSMAN.

IS THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM A MOST VITAL PART OF OUR INSTITUTIONS?

To the Editor of the GAZETTE:

This question the GAZETTE answers by an emphatic affirmative, and draws therefrom many conclusions prejudicial to Catholics, because they prefer to send their children to schools where secular and religious education are combined. To repel the unwarranted imputations cast on me by the GAZETTE, I now proceed to make good my promise of showing the contrary on the authority of eminent non-Catholics.

I suppose it will be admitted that a system is not "a most vital part of our institutions," if it can be said to be destructive of our institutions; yet this is precisely what eminent non-Catholics of every denomination and in positions best suitable to judge of our school system, declare. That this is a very general sentiment of the press and people of these United States, we learn from no less an authority than Prof. Harris, formerly superintendent of the public schools of St. Louis. Writing to the Journal of Education, of Boston, he says: "If the leading articles in our ablest newspapers and magazines touching the school question, are to be taken as a serious indication of popular opinion, there is no doubt that there is a wide-spread defection from the cause of free popular education in this country. It certainly indicates the prevalence of a profound distrust among the more intelligent classes."

Writing in the same journal of the causes of this "wide-spread defection" and "profound distrust" another, Prof. Hazen, after citing literary imperfections of our public schools, goes on to say:

"In their moral aspect, however, the schools are more vulnerable. Here are evils that are undermining their very foundations. It is not a question of bible or no bible, of Catholic or of Protestant influence, but rather of such positively immoral tendencies as make the public schools *dangerous to the family, the state and the nation*. This is not stating the case too strongly. The better class of people are rapidly withdrawing their children on this very account. "It is impossible for parents to counteract this evil influence." To criticisms on this subject Mr. Hazen in a subsequent number of the same journal replies: "The facts on which the article was based have been collected during a period of more than a dozen years, quite a portion of which was passed at the head of prominent schools, and the remainder in such work as has enabled me to examine carefully the schools of nearly every state in the union. My experience is not confined to New England—nor are the facts based entirely on what I have seen personally, but additional facts have been given me by teachers from different parts of the country—facts so much worse that I do not even venture to hint of them."

This strong arraignment of "a most vital part of our institutions" is thus confirmed by Prof. Agassiz, in a paper read before an annual meeting of the Massachusetts State Teachers' association. "We are too proud of our success, and too confident of the excellence of our school system. It had accomplished much, but it had failed to give the people that culture necessary to the maintenance of republican institutions."

To this it were perhaps scarcely necessary to add the testimony of Richard Grant White in the "North American," who says "The corruption of legislative bodies, open bribery at elections, a notable decline in the character of the bench, dishonesty in business, betrayal of trust so common as to escape shame, politics becoming a trade and falling year by year into lower hands. Devices have multiplied until they have become a stock jest. Crime and vice have increased year after year almost *pari passu* with the development of the public school system," and he adds very truly "Do not tell me that this would have been even without it. Your only justification for the system was, that by it all this would be prevented." We have the further testimony of Prof. Agassiz that from personal investigation he found to his utter surprise a large proportion of the inmates of "houses of pleasure" "traced their fall to influences that met them in the public schools."

It is with the utmost reluctance that I cite these damaging statements regarding our public schools, but the necessity of defending myself against the GAZETTE's persistent imputations compels me.

These statements made by men who cannot be said to be unfriendly to education or American institutions must go far to show that the public schools are not a "most vital part of our institutions." That they are corroborated by Americans of eminence of every denomination as well as by a goodly portion of the American press, will be shown with the GAZETTE's permission at another time.

R. F. B.

The Reverend Father has determined to prove his propositions and we have his first effort today. It may be well to see just what the issue is. We stated that the public school system is a vital part of our institutions for reasons which we will repeat in as brief form as possible. The opinion of the most profound statesmen is that the stupid ignorance of the mass of the people of a nation is the most favorable condition for a despotic government; that the general intelligence of the mass of the people of a nation is the most favorable condition for a free and popular government. It is now almost axiomatic that a free, popular, republican government cannot stand unless its citizens are fairly intelligent. And the chances of perpetuity of such a government are proportional to the degree of intelligence of its citizens. We have also stated that we thought our public school system the most efficient means of educating our youth and finally making them intelligent voters. We find that the most dangerous voters are the uneducated foreigner and colored man who have not had the benefits of our public school system in their youth. The native population that has had this advantage is generally intelligent and its possession of the ballot is no menace to property, good morals and good government. Hence as the intelligence of the people is essential to free institutions, and the public school system is the most efficient force in educating the people generally, we say the public school system is a most vital part of our institutions. To show that it is not, an attempt might be made to prove that the intelligence of the people is not essential to the establishment and perpetuity of a republican government. If this were shown, then of course a public school system would not be a vital part of our institutions. But we think it will be generally admitted that the security of a republican form of government depends on the intelligence of the citizens. It can then be proved that the public school system is not a vital part of our institutions, if it does not educate the youth to be intelligent citizens, or if there is some better system of securing intelligent voters than the public schools. We think that it will be generally admitted that the public schools make intelligent citizens, because that part of our population that had the advantages of them in youth is the most intelligent. While the poor slave who was not allowed to go to school, and the foreign element that had no good public schools in their native countries are the most ignorant. The only question that remains to be answered is whether the public school system is the best to produce educated intelligent voters. The alternative is to leave it to the parents and the church. The Roman Catholic church believes in this latter plan. We think it is not as good from experience. The countries in Europe where the church is depended upon for the education of the masses show the greatest illiteracy. The countries which have state compulsory laws and state schools show the greatest decrease of illiteracy. The statesmen of Europe are almost unanimous now for state schools as the only means of educating the masses. They found that ignorant parents did not care enough for the education of their children to pay for it, and the church after centuries of opportunities had failed up to the present century to do much for the education of the masses. Even R. F. B. admits that illiteracy is less where political rulers have provided state schools and passed compulsory school laws. Saturday he said: "The "statistics adduced by the GAZETTE prove "merely that in those countries, where at "present there exists a law of compulsory "school attendance, which is the work (very "recent too) of political rulers, not of churches, "a greater percentage of the population can "read and write than in those countries where "such compulsory law does not exist." Now if there is less illiteracy where there are public schools and compulsory school laws, we conclude that the public school system is the most efficient means of producing intelligent citizens and hence we think it the most vital part of our institutions. We have gone over this carefully because we did not wish the issue buried beneath a mass of miscellaneous quotation.

Now let us briefly look at the letter of the Reverend Father. He attempts to prove that the public school system of this country is not a vital part of our institutions because of the opinions of certain men which he quotes. Among the men he quotes is one eminent educator, Professor Harris. An eminent literary critic, Richard Grant White, is quoted. The other two are not eminent as educators. Professor Agassiz is doing good work, but his reputation still largely rests on the fact that he is the son of the great Agassiz. Professor Hazen has neither by birth or valuable work yet made much of a mark. The authorities are therefore of little value. It has no statesmen, no students of sociology, no careful statisticians who would express the most authoritative opinions on such a subject. The opinions of Professors Agassiz and Hazen are that the schools have an immoral influence, but their statements will only go for what the reputation of the men are worth. Richard Grant White's testimony bears internal evidence of its worthlessness. He says public corruption, betrayal of trust, crime and vice, have grown in our public schools. He then says "Do not tell me this "would have been even without it. Your "only justification for the system was that "by it all this would be prevented." Does not this sound like nonsense? Who ever said that it would prevent all corruption, crime and vice? Had he put Roman Catholic church, or Protestant church, or all Christian churches in his article in the place of public schools the arraignment would be far more sensible and just. The church is the great organization that is to influence men to be pure and free from vice and crime. The public schools only profess to train and develope the intellectual part of the man. Mr. White's opinion is worth more in English grammar. As for Professor Harris, the ablest man quoted, he gives no opinion against the public schools, but states that there is a defection from the cause of popular education. This may or may not mean a good deal. But it is not necessary to examine these quotations in detail, because they do not bear directly on the question. They show that some people do not have a very high idea of our public schools. But even if many of these opinions are correct, then it does not follow that there is a better way to educate the masses. The public school system is not perfect and may be improved. Certain evils exist because of the association of boys and girls that would likewise exist in church schools. But what do these quotations prove? We could quote much better authority to show that Christianity is a failure. But they are only opinions. We could give much better authority to show the immoral influence of several institutions of the Roman Catholic church. But they would not prove anything as mere matters of opinion. The fact remains that the public school system has given us the most intelligent citizens of any nation in the world; that we have demonstrated by the severest tests possible that a popular government is possible, that communism is harmless here because we give it the largest liberty and trust wisely to the intelligence of the people to crush it, instead of trusting to the limiting of free speech or to standing armies. We think we have a right to conclude that R. F. B. has proven nothing more than that some men don't think well of our schools. They by no means prove nor are relevant or important enough to prove that the public school system is not a vital part of our institutions.

The Course of Royalty in Hayti.

London Standard.

Hayti, like the Central American republics and the majority of those further south, has proved the despair of theorists. It was to have demonstrated the negro's capacity for self-government, to have inaugurated a new era on a small scale in the history of mankind, and generally to have been a lasting example of the ability of the manumitted slaves to step into the shoes of their dissolute owners. Unfortunately it has demonstrated everything but what was desired, and a great deal that no one expected. Like Liberia, it is a mere caricature of a civilized state, just as Port-au-Prince is a burlesque of Paris, and the negro of the Frenchman, whose manners he apes, and whose language he speaks in the shape of a rude patois. In the course of eighty years the Haytians have tried almost every form of government, varying the experiment by not infrequently dispensing with any. Beginning with a republic founded by such men as Age, Toussaint l'Overture, and Dessalines, whose undoubted talents gave ground for the sanguine expectations which were formed of the future of their race, they drifted into monarchy in various forms, and back again to the democratic sovereignty under which they were understood to be living when last heard of by their creditors. King Christophe's gorgeous palaces of San Souci, Da Gloire, and so forth, were at one time the wonder of his subjects, until the latter got rid of the ferocious despot, only to speedily fall under the autocracy of Soulouque, a former slave, who, in 1849, proclaimed himself emperor with the title of Faustin I., and manufactured nobles with a profusion which astonished the humble folk who were so suddenly raised to the Haytian peerage. The country has, however, got over this effulgence of pomp. The dukes are now draymen at Port-au-Prince, the marquesses do whitewashing, and some of the best coal-whippers on board the mail-steamers are the sons of counts of the vanquished empire. As for his majesty, he is dead; and one of his august widows was, not very long ago, the most prosperous of Kingston laundresses, "clear-starching for the fleet" being more in the good lady's line than playing at royalty in Port-au-Prince. Many excuses must, of course, be made for the Haytiens. Uneducated, utterly unfitted for self-government, they behaved like children pleased with a new toy; and yet, after all their attempts to establish a state government have not been been much more contemptible than those made by their white neighbors in Santo Domingo, or their still whiter ones in Central America. Their efforts have, nevertheless, not aided in the advancement of their beautiful island. Agriculture is backward, and the soil, which was once famous for sugar cane, tobacco, cotton and coffee, is now only half cultivated or altogether neglected. Mining is almost abandoned from the lack of that capital which dreads investment in Haytien soil, and though some mahogany and dye woods are cut, and hides, wax, and honey exported; the chief business of the country is in the hands of foreigners, in spite of the little encouragement they receive from the laws decreed by the jealous blacks.

A Tartar Duel.

The "forehead fight," a brutal combat inherited from the old Turks, still survives in some districts among the Tartars of the Crimea. A duel of this savage kind took place a short time ago in a Crimean village. The report of it is given by the physician who was called to attend the defeated combatant. The two foes took their stand at a measured distance from each other, with their heads bent forward; then at a given signal they rush at one another, butting forehead against forehead like two goats. The remainder of the duel is fought wholly with the forehead; neither blows or kicks are permitted, as the man who uses any weapons except his forehead is disgraced. In the recent case blood streamed from the foreheads of both the semi-savages; nevertheless they continued butting at each other with ferocious passion, until at length one of them fell exhausted to the earth. He gathered up all his remaining strength to draw his knife from his girdle, and with one determined stroke he then cut a wide gash across his throat. The physician states that the act of suicide on the part of the beaten man is to be regarded as a direct consequence of the injury done to the brain by the fearful concussions of the fight.



Though shaken in every joint and fiber with fever and ague, or bilious remittent, the system may yet be freed from the malignant virus with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Protect the system against it with this beneficent antispasmodic, which is furthermore a supreme remedy for liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, kidney troubles and other ailments.
For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.
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THE NEW SCENIC ROUTE TO

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The best route, because

THE MOST CONVENIENT,
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Opening to the Ranchmen over a million acres of fertile land; to the Stock Grower vast ranges yet unclaimed; and to the Miner regions rich in the precious metals.

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FAVORITE ROUTE

FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Between all the most important Cities and Mining camps in Colorado and Utah. Over 1,500 miles of Standard and Narrow Gauge, splendidly equipped and carefully managed.

THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE EXPRESS

Is operated in connection with the railway, and guarantees prompt and efficient service at reasonable rates.
D. C. DODGE, General Manager. F. C. NIMS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt
DENVER, COLORADO.



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RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! and hence the

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It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

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And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.
At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the ONLY ROAD between

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Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line.

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W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent.
No. Windsor Hotel Block, Denver. b-1-tf

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums to Suit.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses.

5-room house, Kiowa st	$28.00
3-room house, Kiowa st	18.00
7-room house, central location	45.00
9-room house, Nevada ave	50.00
6-room house, near centre	33.33
8-room house, Cascade ave	70.00
4-room house, Tejon st	30.00
4-room house, Costilla st	25.00

Unfurnished Houses.

Nice 6-room cottage, near centre	$30.00
Nice cottage, Huerfano st	13.00
5-room house, Cucharras st	11.00
6-room house, North Nevada ave	20.00
3-room house, Wahsatch ave	8.00
5-room house, Nevada ave	13.00
8-room house Wahsatch ave	15.00
8-room house, Tejon st	6.00
7-room house, Nevada ave	25.00

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for Week Ending October 27th, 1883, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

6083	HUERFANO ST—New cottage of 4 large, pleasant rooms, "neat as wax," water in house, location excellent	$1,500
6087	CASCADE AVE—New 2-story residence of 7 rooms, in splendid condition: a great bargain	2,000
6089	VERMIJO AVE A very nice cottage of 5 rooms, fronting on the park	1,700
6090	N TEJON ST—House of 5 rooms near center of city	3,000
6094	TEXAS RANCH—75,000 acres with 75 miles of new wire fence, 8,000 cattle, 500 horses, plenty of water, fine grass, etc.	
6095	PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Fine place of 6 good rooms (dining room 13½x23), bay window, closets, carpets, bed-room set that cost $125, splendid range, dining table, curtains, shades, fixtures, etc.	5,000
6096	KANSAS FARM—240 acres	1,800
6097	KANSAS FARM—240 acres, $1,200; also one of 160 acres for $2,000. Would exchange either of the above farms for a good ranch here.	
6100	PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Very fine residence	6,000
6101	KIOWA ST—House of 9 rooms, good location	2,000
6102	NEVADA AVE—Near Pike's Peak ave Very nice cottage house of 7 rooms, closets, stable, etc.	3,200
6105	VACANT LOTS in south part of city, from $100 each to	150
6105	S NEVADA AVE Large house of 7 rooms on nice corner lot	2,200
6107	WARRENTON, MO—Two acres with house and improvements which cost over $2,000; will exchange for ranch or city property	1,000
6108	HORSES two and three years old; will exchange for house and lot	

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE,
No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

W. T. KNOX & BRO.
Proprietors of
The Old Reliable Transfer Line
And Dealers in
CANON CITY COAL.

Office at Coal Yard, near freight depot. Orders at the hardware store of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

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—IS NOW—

FULLY ESTABLISHED,

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WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

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SUPERIOR

To those of any Bindery

IN THE

STATE OF COLORADO

BLANK BOOKS

Of Any Style or Description.

Ruled and Bound:

At Prices that will Compare with Those Charged by Eastern Houses

Especial Attention Given to the Binding of Magazines in all the desirable styles.

It is under the management of

COMPETENT and EXPERIENCED MAN

Who will guarantee to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION

To all who entrust work to him.

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—AND—

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NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

City and Country Property

For Sale on Easy Terms.

MONEY TO LOAN

On approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED.

Well furnished house of 9 rooms, on corner lot; per mo., $65.
Furnished residence of 14 rooms on corner lot on N Cascade avenue; per mo., $85.
Very desirable furnished cottage, on Pike Peak ave; per mo., $60.
Furnished house of 6 rooms and bath room, in good location on North Weber; per mo., $40.
Well furnished house of 5 rooms, centrally located on Tejon; per mo., $35.
New house on North Tejon; per mo., $60.
House of 7 rooms on North Weber, just above Kiowa; per mo., $50.
Brick house of 7 rooms near the Episcopal church, nicely furnished; large stable on the lot; per mo., $50.
Finely situated house of 6 rooms on North Weber; per month, $50.
Residence of 14 rooms and bath room, on corner lot in best part of town; per month, $150.
Two furnished houses of 5 rooms each, on Boulder street; per month, $50.
Furnished house of 9 rooms, with stable; corner lot on North Tejon; per mo., $75.
Furnished house of 12 rooms on Cascade; per mo., $40.
Very central furnished house of 7 rooms on Nevada ave; ready December 1st; per mo., $40.

SPECIAL.

The Warren house, corner Nevada and Boulder, completely furnished, eleven rooms and bath room, detached laundry, and good stable.
The Mellen cottage on Cascade ave., 13 rooms fine lawn, fruit trees and small fruits, good stable; everything in good repair; will rent either furnished or unfurnished; very desirable.

STORE ROOMS.

One of the best store rooms on Tejon street at a reasonable rental.
Central store room on Pike's Peak avenue, at very reasonable rental.
A large stone building on Huerfano, suitable for a blacksmith or carpenter; per mo., $30.
A front office on Tejon street.
Good storeroom on North Tejon street, including tenement; per month, $30.

UNFURNISHED.

House of 5 rooms on corner lot, on North Nevada; per mo., $20.
House of seven rooms on corner lot on Nevada avenue, small stable; per mo., $20.
House of 6 rooms, cellar and stable, in fine location on Weber street; per mo., $30.
House of 4 rooms, very central, on South Nevada; per mo., $17.
Residence of 8 rooms and stable on full lot, on Nevada avenue, just above Acacia Place, facing east; per mo., $30.
House of 8 rooms on corner lot on Nevada; by the year, per mo., $20.
House of 7 rooms and stable, on Pike's Peak per mo., $25.
Second floors on Tejon and Huerfano streets or will rent in part.
Brick house of 7 rooms, very centrally located on Kiowa street; per mo., $30.
House of 6 rooms on Bijou; per mo., $25.
House of 6 rooms, bath room, etc., on St. Vrain street; per mo., $30.
The Kirk house at a moderate rental.
House of 6 rooms, on Huerfano street, east of Wahsatch; per month $15.
House of 7 rooms near Pike's Peak avenue per month, $20.
The Strettell house on Weber.
House of 5 rooms on East Kiowa; per mo., $15.
House of 3 rooms on Cimarron; per mo., $10.
House of 3 rooms, on Moreno; per mo., $5.
House on Corona; per mo., $6.50.
House of 5 rooms on S Cascade; per mo., $15.
House of 5 rooms on Wahsatch; per mo., $15.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET,
Opp. Opera House.
b-1tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates.

S. DAVIS, D. D. S.,
DENVER, COLO.
DENTAL ROOMS in Moffat & Kassler block, rooms 5, 6 and 7, No. 373 Larimer street. dwk-7-1m

W. HOOKER,
Taxidermist,
COLORADO SPRINGS. Leave orders at Pike's Peak Museum, or Lock Box 1,609. k-21-1m

DR. B. ST. GEO. TUCKER
RESIDENCE, S. E. corner Pike's Peak avenue and Weber street. Office, Opera House. e-25-tf

DR. W. J. BARTLETT,
DENTIST,
OFFICE over the post office. Office hours 8 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 to 5 p. m. f-4-1y

DR. C. E. EDWARDS,
DENTIST
ROOMS opposite the Opera House. Engagements can be made by telephone. d-10-tf

FOWLER & PALMER,
DENTISTS.
ROOMS in Prewitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. 1-17-tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE,
DENTIST
UNION BLOCK. k-22-tf

E. L. SANFORD, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
ROOM D, ORIBE BLOCK. Office hours—10 to 12 m., 2 to 4 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m. e-20-tf

JOHN CAMPBELL,
(Successor to Helm & Campbell.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, opposite post office, rooms 2 and 3 Strettell's block. m-10-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.
The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.
FARRAR & NEFF'S MARKET. H. Neff & L. B. Farrar, dealers in meats, poultry, fish and game, first door south of post office. Telephone orders solicited. The only market in the city that handles fish twice a week. g-10-tf.

Wrapping Paper.
Wrapping Paper.
Wrapping Paper
At Gazette Office.

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY NOVEMBER 1 1883

THE RELIGIOUS WORLD

Notes and Comment

Rev Dr R R Meredith was installed week before last over the Union Congregational church in Boston Dr Meredith is widely known as the leader of an immense class of some 4000 Sunday school teachers, which meets every Saturday afternoon He declared his belief in the great central articles of evangelical faith, the sinfulness of man, the triune God, the atonement and the inspiration of the bible He declined to define either regeneration or inspiration He declared his belief that the bible contained the word of God, that whether it was correct in science or not was a small matter, that it affords a progressive revelation and that its books are characterized by different degrees of inspiration that the bible has nothing to say about death as ending probation and gives no promise of probation after the present moment, that he leaves the future of every soul wholly in God's hands in the belief that the love of God, a love which includes his holiness, justice and truth is the central revelation of the bible that God will do all for the redemption of the soul that infinite love can do while those who persistently and finally reject God's gracious help will be punished with everlasting separation from the presence of God The vote to install was unanimous The action of this council is another sign of the change which is taking place in religious thought, a change toward a more Christly and biblical theology

Lyman Abbott in the Christian Union gives the following good "Rules of the Husband"

1 Never find fault with her before others

2 *Per contra* remember the counsel of the good book, "Her husband shall praise her *in the gates*," i e before folks

3 Bear all her burdens for her, even then she ll bear more than you do, in spite of you

4 If you want her to submit to your judgement, never ask her to submit to your selfishness

5 A woman's life is made up of little things Make her life happy by little courtesies

6 Love is a wife's only wages Don't scrimp in your pay

If there is any religious newspaper in the the country so full of wisdom doctrinal and practical for the conduct of life as the Christian Union we have yet to discover it An interesting and novel feature is a series of scripture texts accompanied by brief comments prepared by a Christian business man and entitled Morning Counsels for Men of Cares A text is given for each day in the week The subject of the last number is peace—and some of the comments are worth reproducing "Successful men are rarely contentious contentious men are rarely successful Friction is one of the greatest impediments to efficiency, and continual contention is continual friction. The men that are loudest in demanding their rights are not the men who are most successful in getting them. It is said that while Grant listened to the opinions of his officers, he never attempted to correct them—he listened and acted A business man whose genius is recognized by all who know him habitually acts as Abram did by Lot He wins his victories by conceding all that his opponent asks He wastes no time in words. Peace is power."

Rev. Mr Arundel of this city has been preaching on a very practical theme, "The Discriminative Use of the Bible" It is a theme on which he is qualified to speak to edification The following words of Goethe on that point are worthy of remembrance In interpreting the scriptures, "the important thing is the fundamental fact, the internal force, the significance, the tendency, in this alone what is original, divine, operative, unassailable and indestructible in tradition resides This central and substantial kernel of the matter remains unaffected by any change of condition that time can produce, just as a well-conditioned soul is not disturbed by any accident that may befall the body in which it lies encased * * * *

"Get hold of the marrow of the matter not merely in the way of an intellectual cognition but *in its living relation to your function and the fruitful action* which it produces there * * * * * The varieties or apparent contradictions of the different books (of the Bible) did not affect my belief in the fundamental conceptions which lay at the root of them all the significance of each, if not the harmony of the whole I could fruitfully realize, and altogether I had put too much of my best soul into this book to be able ever after to dispense with it as part of my spiritual nourishment * * * * I always carried with me that most salutary word *The evangelists may contradict themselves as much as they please, so long as the evangel* does not contradict itself."

Mr P I Mozoomdar, the eloquent representative of the Hindoo Brahmo Somaj, who has been exciting such deep interest in religious circles of all denominations in New England, has just published a volume entitled The Oriental Christ which wins in all quarters, liberal and conservative the warmest commendation

In a brief preface Mr Mozoomdar gives his readers a glimpse into his personal experience Twenty years ago the question of personal relationship to Christ was forced upon him His consciousness of imperfection developed into a strong sense of sin and into a feeling of the need of saving grace He came to feel a personal affinity to the spirit of Christ The life and death of Christ had a strange power over him He prayed and fasted and finally, when almost alone in Calcutta, in a season of much inward anguish, while he was praying with tears and in sore struggle, there seemed to come closely to his spirit the spirit of Jesus Jesus was discovered in his heart, and from that day became a reality and power This experience reads very much like the story of an old fashioned conversion, and is none the worse for that

In the midst of crumbling systems of Hindu error and superstition in the midst of self righteous dogmatism and acrimonious controversy, in the midst of those cold, spectral shadows of transition, secularism, and agnostic doubt to me Christ has been like the meat and drink of my soul "

In its form the volume is a series of brooding meditations upon the Perfect One The titles of the chapters are in an unvarying form "The Bathing Christ, "The Trusting Christ," "The Fasting Christ," "The Praying Christ," and so on to "The Parting Christ" "The Dying Christ," and "The Reigning Christ"

We make the following quotations

"Every one suffers, but the trusting Son of God understands and honors suffering. The perfection of faith is at the moment of death True trust is struck by suffering as the great tree of the forest by the storm, to be tossed, torn, and settled deeper in everlasting strength Suffering and trust ever go together the suffering is for a little while while the trust is transformed into eternal joy Trust, as a faculty of the soul, passes almost without recognition Yet, in spiritual life it is a cardinal vital power It is not a mere feeling Though its relations to all warmth of sentiment be very deep It is a positive organ of strength The solidity the objective magnitude, of truth is never realized except through trust —It is strange that men will put their trust in fallible historical records of the past, in legendary imaginative revelations but have no faith in the tremendous realities that beset them Christ saw things through trust we see things through the intellect. How few men can retain the sweetness and fullness of their trust amid the small, vulgar harassments of life and how fewer still amid great and unprecedented disasters! In the wreck of bodily powers in the dissolution of social attachments, it is true trust that finds out the difference between what is transient and what is permanent"

"Where, then is Christ Not in fictitious portraits not in sculptured forms, not in mythological heavens Christ is in the flesh and blood of every faithful believer And what is the Christian church Not a farrago of false theology, or mumbling dogmatism, of routine worship, and saint worship Christ's church is the spiritual household, in which the brothers have that faith, love, and holiness which the sweet founder bequeathed to the world at the parting meal two thousand years ago "

And what a succinct and powerful summary of our Saviour's ministry on the cross is given in these words

"His mother provided for, the sufferer by his side consoled, his bodily pain fully endured his sense of desertion so expressed as to give us the assurance that God is never nearer to us than when we imagine he is far away, his enemies heartily forgiven, then came the time for the dying Christ to commend his spirit into the hands of the Father "

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

King Alfonso is suffering from rheumatism

Indications for Colorado—Slightly colder fair weather

The rumor of the landing of arms in Cuba is officially denied

The London Daily Telegraph says it has the highest authority for stating that Marquis Tseng still enjoys the unreserved confidence of the Chinese government

There being many British subjects in the Rocky mountains, Earl Granville has been petitioned to establish a consul in Denver and a vice-consul in Salt Lake

The El Paso, Texas, school board has selected from numerous plans submitted for the building of a public school one deemed best. It will cost $15,000 and be an ornament to the city. A lot has already been bought and work will soon commence

The international labor conference at Paris has closed Henry Broadhurst, member of the English parliament and honorary president of the conference, telegraphed his friends as follows "I think we English have done well Everything now is on our lines I never saw men improve so fast as our French colleagues "

PRIVATE CLASSES

IN

French, Spanish and German.

For further particulars inquire of

MRS. M. T. SHROPSHIRE,

Pike's Peak ave, 2d door east of Weber
k 14-tf

Sunny Side Cottages,

W. H. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Very desirable place for private boarding located opposite main entrance to the new Bath House and within 200 feet of the principal soda Springs

Rates $2.00 and $2.50 Per Day

Manitou Springs, Colo.

CHINESE GOODS!

A new and handsome stock just received. Dressing cases, slippers silk handkerchiefs, painted silk wall ornaments fans, pin cushions, china tea pots, cups, saucers and plates, and TEA. Visitors are cordially invited to inspect and price goods

YEE WAH LEE,

South side Huerfano 2d door east of Cascade.
k-5-1m

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

FOR SALE

AT

HOWBERT BROS

R. N. CLARK.

MINING ENGINEER. Reports on Gold and Silver Mines. Consults on the working and management of Mines and Ores. Expert on mining questions before the courts. Colorado Springs, Colorado

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS

In Great Variety and at Very Lowest Prices.

Wool Serges, Armures, Checks, Suitings, Sacqungs, Plushes, Flannels, Cashmeres, Repps, Velveteens, Velvets, Ladies' and Children's

Cloaks, Dolmans and Suits,

Cretonnes, Turkomans, Persians, Jutes, Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Embroideries, Corsets, Domestic, Cashmere, Saxony & Germantown Wools.

A LARGE LINE OF

SILK AND PLUSH RIBBONS

At 35c Worth $1.25 to $1.50, a Ribbon at 15c Worth 30c per yard.

I have a better general assortment than this ... time to

DRESS GOODS!

Also a full line of Ladies Children's and Gents

Underwear in Scarlet and White

CARPETS AND RUGS AT VERY LOW FIGURES

And many other goods not mentioned

DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT

Satisfaction guaranteed in all work entrusted to my Dress Making Department all kinds of ladies garments are made to order An examination of goods and prices is solicited and every pains will be taken to please in every department j 21 1m

D. J. MARTIN.

300 SEWING MACHINES

NOW IN STOCK.

I am Sole Agent in El Paso county for the following machines, and shall be pleased to have all who need one come in and examine the different kinds

Victor, Domestic, White, American, Household, Canada Singer.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINES REPAIRED.

C. E. AIKEN,

105 Pike's Peak Avenue.

e 2 tf

WANTED

WANTED—A book binder Apply to Judd Curr, Colorado Springs 1 3 3

WANTED—A few good men to cross cut saw logs Enquire of John H Lueck, at Bacon's stable this morning 1*

WANTED Situation for general housework by a German woman Call at 60 N Tejon street 1 2 tf

WANTED—A reliable saddle horse for its care and keep best of care as I cannot ride hard Lock Box 827, City 1 n tl

WANTED—1 000 pounds of fine smoky topaz nothing but good will answer Address Jer, care this office, k 26-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE. Old papers for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

LOST

LOST—Lady's large brown cloth cloak trimmed with fur Maker's name, Redmayen A reward will be paid for its return to this office k-31-d

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Railway company will be held at the city of Colorado Springs, Colo, on Monday November 26 1883, at 12 o clock noon, for the purpose of considering proposed modifications of the present financial programme, and of the contracts for construction of the company's railways, with the view of bringing about an earlier completion of the link of 362 miles remaining between Laredo and the City of Mexico The transfer books will be closed at 3 o clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, November 6th, and remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of the meeting By order of the Board

JOHN PRATT, Secretary

October 27 1883 k 26-td

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Financial Improvement company for the purpose of electing directors will be held at the office of Lyman K Bass, in Colorado Springs, in the state of Colorado, on the 5th day of November, 1883, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. F H DAVIS, Secretary

k-25-td

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Thomas J Maher by his certain deed of trust dated on the thirty first day of January, A D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, in book 61, on page 163, of the records thereof, on the thirty first day of January, A D 1883 to secure the payment of his promissory note for $300, bearing even date with said deed of trust and payable to the order of Frederick H Sharpless one year after the date thereof with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of 10 per cent per annum payable quarterly, did convey to Henry Le B Wills of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado as trustee, all the hereinafter described premises, by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in payment of said note, or any part thereof of the interest thereon then upon the application of the legal holder of the said promissory note it may be lawful for the said Henry Le B Wills to advertise and sell the said premises, as therein provided; and whereas default has been made in the payment of interest upon said note, according to the tenor and effect now therefore I Henry Le B Wills trustee as aforesaid at the request of the legal holder of said note, do hereby give public notice that I shall on Saturday November 24th A D 1883, at the hour of 2 o clock p m , at the front door of the court house in the county of El Paso in the state of Colorado, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described, to wit The east thirty six (36) feet of lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10) block numbered one hundred and five (105) addition numbered one (1), to the city of Colorado Springs, in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, together with all and singular the tenements hereditaments privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title interest and equity of redemption of the said Thomas J Maher, his heirs or assigns therein

HENRY LE B. WILLS, Trustee

Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colo October 20th A D 1883 k 2 5w

OLD PAPERS

FOR SALE

—AT THE

Gazette Office.

Common-sense Remedy.

SALICYLICA.

No More Rheumatism, Gout or Neuralgia.

Immediate Relief Warranted.
Permanent Cure Guaranteed.

Five years established and never known to fail in a single case, acute or chronic Refer to all prominent physicians and druggists for the standing of Salicylica.

SECRET.

THE ONLY DISSOLVER OF THE POISONOUS URIC ACID WHICH EXISTS IN THE BLOOD OF RHEUMATIC AND GOUTY PATIENTS.

SALICYLICA is known as a common-sense remedy, because it strikes directly at the cause of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, while so many so-called specifics and supposed panaceas only treat, ocally the effects

It has been conceded by eminent scientists that outward applications, such as rubbing with oils, ointments, liniments, and soothing lotions will not eradicate these diseases which are the result of the poisoning of the blood with Uric Acid

SALICYLICA works with marvelous effect on this acid and so removes the disorder It is now exclusively used by all celebrated physicians of America and Europe Highest Medical Academy of Paris reports 95 per cent cures in three days

REMEMBER

that SALICYLICA is a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT and NEURALGIA. The most intense pains are subdued almost instantly

Give it a trial Relief guaranteed or money refunded

Thousands of testimonials sent on application.

$1 a Box. 6 Boxes for $5.

Sent free by mail on receipt of money

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT

But do not be deluded into taking imitations or substitutes, or something recommended as "just as good! Insist on the genuine with the name of Washburne & Co , on each box which is guaranteed chemically pure under our signature, an indispensible requisite to insure success in the treatment Take no other, or send to us

WASHBURNE & CO., Proprietors.

287 Broadway, cor Reade St New York

F E ROBINSON, Agent

For sale by C W Church & Co and all leading druggists m-8-1y

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO COLO
September 27th 1883

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims and that said proof will be made before the judge and ex-officio clerk of El Paso county court at Colorado Springs Colo on November 5th 1883, viz

Charles C Greenwood declaratory statement No 742 for the s hf se qr ne qr se qr and se qr ne qr sec 17, tp 11 of r 4 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz Eugene Walker Frank Walker Charles S Snyder and A. B Whitmore all of El Paso county Colo

Allen Gullion declaratory statement No 7?? for the ... qr nw qr s hf ne qr and ne qr se qr sec 1? tp 15 s r 6 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land viz Geo Robenstein, W W Womack, R M Womack and J F Love, all of El Paso county, Colo

Joseph Ryan declaratory statement No 6880 for the w ½ nw ¼ section 12, township 15 s, range 68 w and e ½ ne ¼ section 1?, township 16 s, range 6? w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz A S, Mason, Theo. H Lowe, W W Womack and S. R. Womack, all of El Paso county, Colo

Robert M Womack, H S No 1001 for the w hf sw qr, ne qr sw qr, and se qr nw qr, section 8?, township 15 s, range 69 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz, J. F. Love John E. Love, Harry Love and Geo. Robenstein all of El Paso county, Colo

William W Womack, H S No 1?? for the e hf sw qr nw qr se qr, sec 1? and ne qr nw qr, section ?, township 15 s, range 70 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz J F Love, John E. Love, Harry Love and Geo Robenstein all of El Paso county, Colo

George Robenstein, declaratory statement No 6?? for the se qr nw qr ne qr sw qr sw qr ne qr and nw qr se qr sec 14, tp 15 s, r ?0 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz J F. Love J E Love S R Womack and W W Womack, all of El Paso county Colo

Alex William Tanguay Declaratory Statement No 8?1, for the w hf of ne sec 14, tp 12 s, r 6? w who will offer his proof before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colorado, on November 8th 1883. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land viz L H Field, E T Hibbard, Wesley Chadwick and John Dodd, all of Elbert County, Colorado

MARK L. BLUNT, Register
w f 29-6

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper

At the Gazette Office.

C. H. MILLS,

Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agent

Fire Insurance written in first class Companies Life Insurance in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the strongest financial organization in the world having over $100 000 000 assets

CITY PROPERTY AND RANCHES FOR RENT AND SALE

Money to Loan on Good First-Class Security.

OFFICE NO 22 1-2 SOUTH TEJON STREET.

k 4 1m

A. L. LAWTON.

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent.

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY

JOHN A SMITH M E C E — FRANK W GIBB M E C E

SMITH & GIBB,

Assayers, Mining Engineers and Analytical Chemists,

SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to Samples Received by Mail or Express Best References
J-30 1m

The Gazette

JOB DEPARTMENT AND BINDERY

ARE BY FAR THE

Best Equipped and Most Complete

IN COLORADO.

During the past year we have kept continually adding

NEW MACHINERY AND MATERIAL

And our facilities for doing

First Class Work

Are now better than ever

IN THE JOB DEPARTMENT

We are prepared to do the very

BEST OF WORK

AT SHORT NOTICE.

Our Work Will Always Bear Inspection and We Defy Competition in Prices

GIVE US YOUR ORDERS FOR

Note Heads Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Visiting Cards, Dodgers, Statements, Business Cards, Circulars and Printing of all Descriptions

THE BINDERY

Is now fully established and under the management of a competent and experienced foreman We can turn out work equal in every respect to that done at the east and at moderate prices

Especial Attention Given to the Binding of Magazines and Periodicals

BLANK BOOKS

Of Any Size and Style Gotten Up on Short Notice

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1883

TIME TABLE

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

1 Leadville mail for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and Kansas City, arrive 11 ... m, depart 11 43 a m

3 Leadville express for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff, Silverton and New Mexico and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 10 35 p m, depart 10 40 p m

Pueblo express for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west daily, arrive 11 05 p m, depart 11 10 p m

TRAINS GOING NORTH

No 2 Denver express from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and Kansas City, arrive 3 40 p m, depart 3 45 p m

4 Eastern express from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points daily, arrive 5 50 a m, depart 5 55 a m

8 Atlantic express from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points daily, arrive 6 50 p m, depart 6 55 p m

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo Springs	Leave Manitou
7 10 a m	8 20 a m
1 05 p m	11 10 a m
5 07 p m	1 1 p m
6 10 p m	6 2 p m

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J M ELLISON, Agent

Denver & New Orleans Railway

GOING SOUTH	GOING NORTH
No 11 40 a m	No 5 40 p m

Going and Coming of Mails

EAST AND SOUTH

CLOSE	ARRIVE
11 15 p m	4 05 a m
4 30 p m	9 00 a m
8 00 p m	11 45 a m

WEST AND NORTH

CLOSE	ARRIVE
1 20 p m	11 45 a m
8 00 p m	11 48 a m

Mrs Major Hulbert, of Manitou, returned from the east yesterday morning

Hon J S Stanger and Prof J C Shattuck are among the arrivals at the Antlers

General Charles Adams came down from the north at noon yesterday and went to his home at Manitou

The new ballot boxes have all been lettered and numbered and sent to the various precincts in the county

Alderman Bent returned yesterday morning from an absence of several weeks spent principally in Boston

District court will convene on Monday morning but adjourn until after election. The term will probably not be a very long one

Mr J L Marston has disposed of his plumbing business to Messrs Corum & Capehart, who will continue business at the old stand

Nat Goodwin was suffering last night with one of Job's comforters on his neck, which may have made him appear a little awkward

Mr Charles Craig, the artist, has just completed two life size portraits of Mr and Mrs J B Hundley, also a very fine landscape of Seven Lakes

Rev George P Hays, D D of the Central Presbyterian church, Denver, will deliver a lecture at the Presbyterian church, this city, on Thursday evening, November 8th

W Hook announces through a card in the GAZETTE that he is prepared to receive orders in taxidermy. Letters sent to box 1600, post office Colorado Springs will reach him.

The ladies of the First M E church will give a Thanksgiving dinner in some building on Tejon street. Notice will be given as to the building selected at the proper time

Mr Ainsworth Brown has a new process of staining glass which is far more attractive and much cheaper than the old method. Samples of work can be seen at his store

Miss Fannie Aiken left yesterday morning for Blackwell, Bent county, where she will take charge of a school. She was accompanied to the depot by many of her friends

Mrs Dr B P Anderson returned from St. Louis yesterday afternoon. The doctor has rented the Strettell cottage on Weber street adjoining the Presbyterian church, where they will take up their residence

Mr Wilber A Lawton and M H Granger left last night on the 10 30 train for Southern Colorado. They will return with a flock of sheep purchased by F H Austin for the Great Plains Live Stock company

H A True, who succeeds Everleth & Taylor in the grocery business was one of the pioneer merchants of Colorado Springs. He was engaged in the grocery business here with A F Goodrich when there were only five business firms in town and subsequently went into partnership with Mr A Sutton. Our citizens will gladly welcome him to Colorado Springs

Hope Brothers bought yesterday of Mr A M. Pryor of Eastern Colorado, a fine young thoroughbred bull which was raised in this county. Mr Pryor is not breeding these bulls himself, but has made arrangements with his ... Allen Pryor the well known short horn breeder of Iowa, by which he is enabled to furnish yearlings in lots from one to a car load. All of his stock is registered in the ... herd book, and parties buying stock ... are furnished with its pedigree

... B Gregg pastor of the Congregational church, will begin his free English ... on Monday evening next at ... church at 7 30 p m. The ... selections from Washington ... book as follows: West ..., Rip Van Winkle, Christmas ..., Legend of Sleepy Hollow. Next

Monday night he will give a sketch of Irving and his works and some account of the methods of the class. The class is free to the general public and all interested are cordially invited to be present

Edward Mellor & Co wool commission merchants of Philadelphia, under date of October 30th, send out a circular saying that the market continues comparatively quiet, although prices are steady. They quote the following prices for Colorado and New Mexican wools

Choice clips graded	medium	21to25
	fine	20to22
	improved (½)	20to23
Light improved		19to21
Average grades		17to19
Heavy fine		16to18
Coarse (carpet stock)		17to18
Black		15to18

On Thursday it was noticed by the workmen at the artesian well that shale was caving into the drill hole from above where they were working. As it did not interfere with their progress but little attention was paid to it. About noon yesterday a general cave took place filling up some one hundred feet of the well. It, however, occurred when both the drill and pump were out, thus causing but little damage. It will be necessary to discontinue work for present until casing can be obtained. As long as they were drilling through slate the contractor thought that it would not be necessary to case the well

Arrivals at the Antlers: Mrs C I Coffee, Cheyenne, Wyo; J W Bennett, Kansas City; I B Cay, H B Frazier, Martin Stall, Geo Eversman, Denver; W J Merritt, Massachusetts; J A Tiebey, B Gilpin, jr, Ranch; Miss Geatis, G K Wells, Chicago; F G Hook, Colorado; C H Richards, Denver; A I Bacon, Greeley; I H Mann, England; R M Rand, Loveland; A Peabody, N C Goodwin and wife, Miss Jennie Weathersby, Miss Emmie Weathersby, Miss Nellie Weathersby, R H Headkins, E H Lee, Frank Roberts, New York; J C Shattuck, Paola Paulisch, Denver; F A Aplin, Chicago; C A Schroeder, San Francisco; David Hitt, Red Oak; C D Fitinger, Cleveland, Ohio; Joseph Hennessy, London, Eng; A M French, St Louis; K Maitland, London; Sol Henby, Chicago; Morris Phillips, St Louis; J H Finck, Manitou Park; C A McLain, L E Thorne, Chicago; W J Kelly, New York; E W Gilbert, Boston; E H Lamborn, New York; A M Blakesley and wife, Kearney

ANNOUNCEMENTS

To the Voters of El Paso County

The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for county Judge at the coming election in November. E G HOOKE

October 16 1883 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No 3 Pikes Peak Avenue. j 3 d tf

Miss Vance has just returned from New York with the latest designs in dress making and millinery, and will dispose of her millinery at small advance on eastern cost. 1 tf

NOTICE

We, the undersigned beg leave to notify our friends and customers that we have this day sold out our stock of merchandise to Mr H A True, and have sold and assigned all our accounts to him and parties owing us are hereby notified that the said H A True is authorized to collect and receipt for the same. We have great pleasure in heartily recommending him to the patronage of our former friends and customers.

EVERLETH & TAYLOR.

Colorado Springs, Colo, November 1, 1883

Referring to the above, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage of the public

H A TRUE

Colorado Springs November 1, 1883. 1 2 tf

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. F E Robinson Agent

For pure and fresh drugs at eastern prices, go to Church & Co's drug store. a 15-tf

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Prices 10 and 75 cents per bottle. F E Robinson Agent

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co will fill them correctly and at eastern prices 1 13 tf

OPERA HOUSE

To-Night.

IMMENSE SUCCESS

MR AND MRS.

N. C. GOODWIN

AND

Their Own Comedy Company

Mr Goodwin's greatest success entitled

THE MEMBER FOR SLOCUM

Sc... the ... of the Cincinnati Dramatic Festival

USUAL PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved seats will begin Wednesday morning for Hobbies and Thursday for the Member for Slocum at Hewlert Bros

WHIPPLE & ROBY

Contractors and Builders,

NEVADA AVENUE.

Bookseller & Stationer

Windsor & Newton's

ARTIST'S MATERIALS,

Jackson's Colorado Views,

Picture Moulding,

Frames, Etc.

Ladies' Fine Stationery a Specialty.

OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Wednesday, Nov. 7th.

Engagement of the Charming Vocalist Comedienne and Everybody's Favorite

Miss Katie Putnam

Supported by her own Comedy Company.

Old Curiosity Shop

LITTLE NELL } Her dual role
THE MARCHIONESS } MISS PUTNAM

☞ Reserved seats on sale at Hewbert Bros book store Tuesday morning. 1 14

ASSAYING!

THE

Metallurgical Department

OF

COLORADO COLLEGE

WILL BE

Opened November 1.

For particulars apply to William Strieby, Professor in Charge, or E P Tenney, President. k-5-tf

To the Ladies.

Mrs Wood has just received from New York a very choice variety of novelties in millinery, the largest line ever displayed in Colorado Springs, mostly of imported goods, and ladies who do not care to be copied in what they wear can not fail to be pleased, as most of these goods are unduplicated. Have also received a stylish line of dress patterns for winter and will guarantee any lady an elegant and finely made dress or hat, unrivaled in low prices and good style. k 7 1m

Well Rewarded.

A liberal reward will be paid to any party who will produce a case of liver, kidney or stomach complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure. Bring them along, it will cost you nothing for the medicine if it fails to cure, and you will be well rewarded for your trouble besides. All blood diseases, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and general debility are quickly cured. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price only fifty cents a bottle. For sale by F F Robinson dwk51y

MRS. A. R. GREENE

Respectfully announces to her friends and the public that she is prepared to receive pupils for

Instruction on the Piano-Forte

AND

IN DANCING

At her residence on Nevada avenue, corner Boulder street. Afternoon and Evening classes will meet at her residence, also at the music hall of The Antlers. Address Lock Box 780. k25-1m

Rams For Sale.

I have at my ranch a fine lot of thoroughbred Merino Rams of my own raising. I also have a car load of choice Vermont Registered Rams bred by some of the best breeders and selected, shipped by C F Mason of New Haven. They are the finest lot ever shipped to Colorado and will be sold as low as any in the state.

FRANK G. WILLARD.

Elizabeth Col on line D & N O R R

dwk 3 1m

HUMAN HAIR GOODS

Miss Dunning of Denver will be at the Springs until about November 15th with a large stock of the latest in hair goods. Will also manufacture to order. Rooms one door south of court house on Nevada avenue. At home afternoon and evening. All are invited to examine the goods k27 8

Corona Institute

(THIRD YEAR)

MRS. M. T. SHROPSHIRE, Principal.
MISS EMMA L. McKEOWN, Vice Prin

The Institute is located on Pikes Peak avenue, just one door east of Weber, convenient to all of the churches and business part of the town, and yet sufficiently removed from the latter to render it quiet and conducive to study. This school is intended

For Youth of Both Sexes

And will receive

Students of All Ages.

Pupils are charged from date of entrance only and payments are expected *invariably in advance*, unless special arrangements be made to the contrary. No deductions made, save in cases of protracted illness, when the loss will be divided between the patron and Principal. The school year is composed of two terms and the bills are expected to be settled at the beginning of each or at the time of entrance of the pupil. Latin, French, Elementary Drawing and Calisthenics without extra charge. For further particulars apply to or address the Principal. Lock Box 1,702 Colorado Springs. K 14 tf

A Run on a Drug Store.

Never was such a rush for any drug store as is now at F E Robinson's for a trial bottle of Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. All persons affected with asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, severe coughs, or affection of the throat and lungs, can get a trial bottle of this great medicine free, by calling at the above drug store. Regular size $1 00 dwk51y

DRUGS! DRUGS!

THE HUERFANO STREET

DRUG STORE

Having changed hands the manager would respectfully call the attention of physicians and the public generally to the fact that he has added a

Complete Line of New Drugs

to his already heavy stock and having secured the services of a THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND FIRST CLASS PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST from Indianapolis Ind he is now prepared to compound accurately all prescriptions, fill all orders and supply the wants of the public generally in the drug line

C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager.

h 24 tf

WM. L. CONANT

Foreign and Domestic

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Fruits.

Tejon St., adjoining First National Bank. 1-16-t

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS.

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Capital - -	$50,000
Surplus Fund -	15,000

IRVING HOWBERT, President
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier
A S. WELCH, Asst Cashier

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. K all

Established 1873

EL PASO COUNTY BANK.

Capital Paid in . . .	$100,000
Surplus	20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe

WM S JACKSON, Cashier
J H BARLOW, Assistant Cashier

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM
Wm S Jackson, C H White, J B ...

BARKER HOTEL

Opposite the Celebrated Shoshone and Soda Springs and New Bath House.

MANITOU SPRINGS, COLORADO

C. W. BARKER, Proprietor

H. C. BAKER,

Carriage and Sign Painter,

No 10 E Pikes Peak ave., Colo Springs

Fresco and House Painting, Graining, Calcimining and Paper Hanging.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by F F. Robinson

dwk51y

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

WINTER GOODS!

AND ARE OFFERING AT PRICES THAT ARE

GUARANTEED TO BE THE LOWEST.

A Beautiful Assortment of Dress Goods,
A Handsome Line of Ladies' Wraps,
A Fine Assortment of Children's Cloaks,
An Immense Stock of Ladies' and Children's Hosiery,
All the Colors in Velvets and Velveteens,
A Large Stock of Woolen Underwear

JUST RECEIVED:

A Large Lot of Remnants of Prints at 5 Cents,
A Large Lot of Remnants of Cheviots at 10 Cents,
A Large Lot of Remnants of Canton Flannels at 10 Cts.

FERRIS & JONES

"Veritas ad finem."

SPECIAL

We have a full line of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods and the most of our goods purchased this fall we are offering at unheard of low prices:

A line of Prints at 5 cents
Ten and a quarter White Blankets for $2 00, never before sold for less than $3 50
All Wool Shuda Cloth for 80 cents, well worth $1 00
All Wool Cashmeres, full line of colors, at 45 cents
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloaks, Russian Circulars and Newports from $3 50 to $75
Ladies' and Children's Hosiery
Carpets, Oil Cloths and Rugs
Also a full line of Gents' Underwear

Call and Examine Our Goods and be Convinced that the above are Facts.

Giddings & Stillman!

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